

## Complications

HPV can lead to:

- › Genital and anal warts
- › Cancers of the cervix, genitals, anus, and head and neck.

## Who's at risk from HPV?

- › Anyone who is sexually active



An effective vaccine is available across the EU.

Don't wait! Speak to your doctor for advice on vaccination.



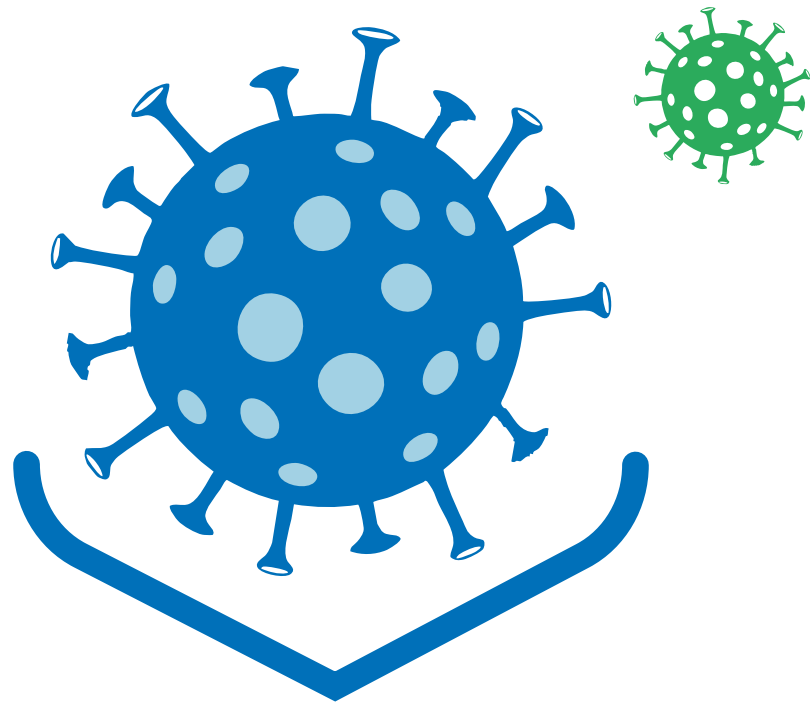
Scan the QR code to learn more at the **European Vaccination Information Portal**  
[vaccination-info.europa.eu/en](https://vaccination-info.europa.eu/en)



## Protect your children against future HPV infections (human papillomavirus)



EUROPEAN VACCINATION  
INFORMATION PORTAL  
An initiative of the European Union

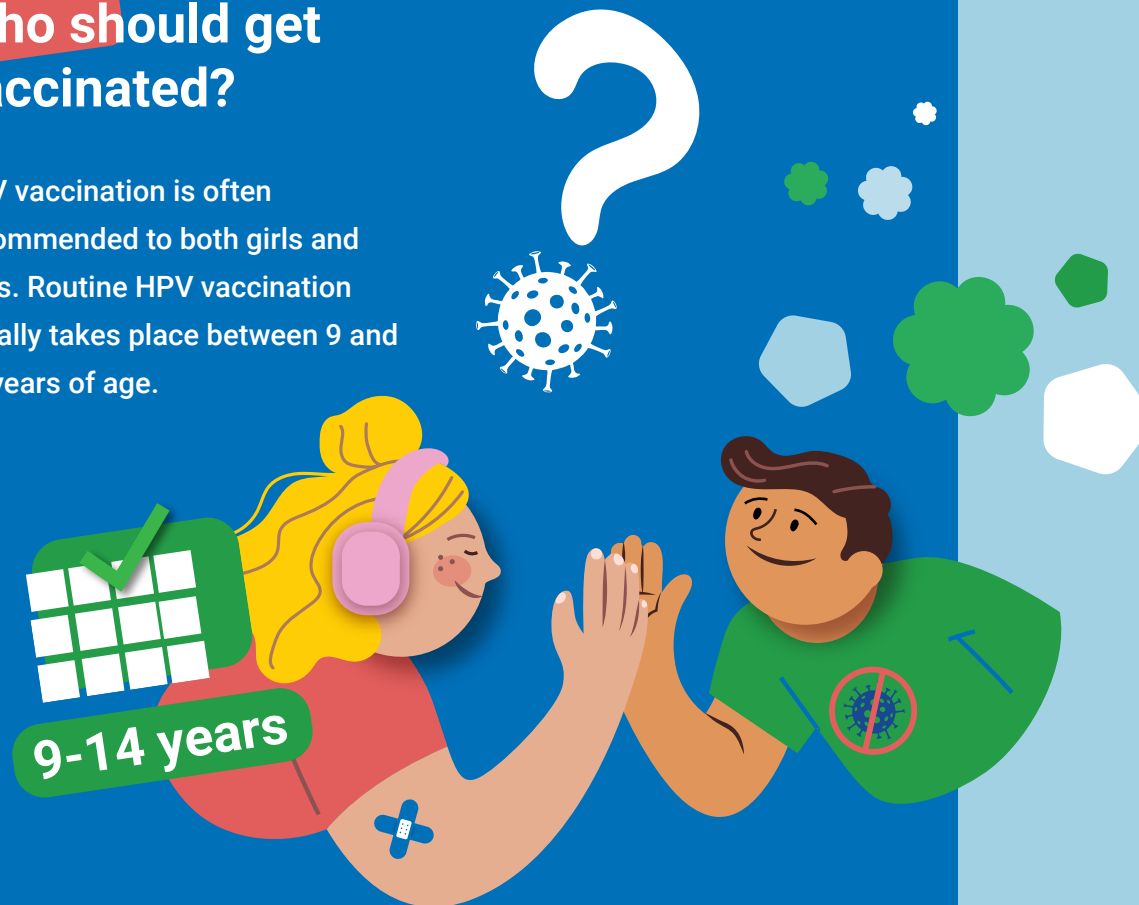


## HPV

is a virus with **no obvious symptoms**, making it difficult to diagnose. However, if caught, it can increase your risk of developing cancer.

### Who should get vaccinated?

HPV vaccination is often recommended to both girls and boys. Routine HPV vaccination usually takes place between 9 and 14 years of age.



### Why vaccinate?

Vaccination is the best way to protect yourself and others from HPV and its complications.

